The Rutherford Star.

"BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT AND THEN GO AHEAD."—DAVY CROCKETT.

VOL. IV. RUTHERFORDTON, N. C. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1870. NO. 31

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Their table shall be furnished with the very best the market affords.
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Their stables are large and commodious, sufficient to accommodate all who may come to see us. Horses and Vehicles always on hand to supply the wants of customers.

Napoleon Bonaparte Jinks.

I'm General Jinks of the grand armee,
I'm also l'Empereur Francias:
Some rascal think I'm quite passee,
But—I'm the Head of the Army.
I teach the rabble "Vive la France,"
Vive la France, vive la France,"
I teach the rabble "Vive la France,"
And 'em recruit up the Army.

[For you know my people must have a little war now and then. They're devilish reckless you know, and want some blood letting, and if I don't let them let some Prussian blood, and its ten to one they'll let some of mine or my son's, and that wouldn't do at all, you know, for]—

General Jinks of the grand armee,
I know I ought at home to stay;
I cannot fight, the officers say,
But—I'm the Head of the Army!

I'm master of all my vultiguers,
My cuirassieas and my chasseurs,
And arm them all with mitrailleurs,
O, aint it a terrible army?
When I left home, Eugenie cried,
Eugenie cried, O, how she cried,
And I rather felt, by the way she cried,
I wasn't out of the army.

[For, to tell the truth, I never could get the hang of the tactics, and then you know—I don't mention it to any one—but—then—Dr. Nelaton, he says the—I've the vesicat—well in short, that I havn't the physique demanded by a severe campaign, such as might be expected by]

General Jinks of the grand armee,
I know I ought at home to stay,
I cannot fight my officers say,
But—I'm the Head of the Army.

Louis and I went out to drill,
The saddle made me feel quite ill,
And soon my war horse me did "spill,"
And that wouldn't do for the army.
The rascals a ound they all did shout,
They all cied out, they all did shout,
"O, he's the curse of the army!"

[Why, really, it was cruel to laugh at the Nephew of his Uncle. If it hadn't been in very narrow quarters I'd have guillotined the whole of them. But I must keep my temper if I would continue to be]

General Jinks of the grand armee,
I know I ought at home to stay,
I cannot fight, the officers say,
But aint I the Head of the Army?

The Prussians they came on so fast
I was compelled to leave at last,
Before they should come reshing past
And gobble me up with my army.
My Marshals, then, they all did shout,
They all did shout, they all cried out,
My Marshals, then, they all dib shout
Why, kick him out of the army!

[And poor little Louis! who picked up a spent ball with the utmost tranquillity. He was obliged to go down to the rear by express train, lest he should get lost in Paris, which is a large town. I will run down and look after him, or, perhaps take a voyage to England for my health; but remember always that]

I'm General Jinks of the grand armee,
And also l'Empereur Francais,
And though some think that I'm passee,
I'm still the Head of the Army.

Chicago Post.

Dr. Spencer's Crime.

BY CLARA AUGUSTA.

I was sitting alone in my office, half dozing over an interminable article on defective nutrition in the last *Medical Review*.

The fire in the grate was low; the night was stormy, and the clock was on the stroke of eleven. I was about to turn off the gas and retire, for being a bachelor I slept in a room connected with my office, when there was a pull at my bell.

I started up suddenly, for this was something new. Middlebury was a decorous sort of a place, and people usually managed to be taken sick at seasonable hours.

Old Mrs. Jerome had been threatening to die for the past five years, and at every visit I paid her she informed me solemnly that when the decisive moment did come she desired me to be present. But as nothing ailed the old lady beyond now and then an indigestion from too much high living, I had never yet been called upon to be present at her death.

Now, I thoght, it must be that Mrs. Jerome is going.

I took up my night-lamp and went to the door. A strong gust of damp, sleety wind nearly extinguished the light, but obeying it with my hand I dimly discerned the form of a woman.

"Come in," said I, holding open the door, but she declined with a gesture of impatience.

"You must come out!" she replied, in a sharp, decisive tone, "and be quick about it."

I put on my overcoat without demur, locked the surgery door, and stepped out into the storm. As I did so, the woman laid a firm hand on my arm, and putting her face close to mine said:

"Dr. Lockwood, can you keep a secret?"

"I think so, madam."

"Swear it."

"Is this secret of yours of a professional character? That is, is it anything you wish to confine to me as a medical man?"

"It is."

"Very well, then, I swear it!

"That is right. A man respects an oath, though why he should is a mystery, since most men's mouths are runing over with them."

"Whither are you taking me, and for what purpose"

"To Clifton House, to see the mistress."

I started. Clifton House was the old mansion recently taken by Dr. Spencer, a stranger to every one in Middlebury. Spencer was a tall, dark, rather distinguished looking man, who had hung out his sign in the village only a few doors above mine but as yet he had got no practice.

He was unsocial in the extreme. He avoided his neighbors persistently, and when he did speak, it was in such a curt, half-savage way, that one was not likely to attempt prolonging the conversation.

He had a wife, it was said, but no one ever saw her. She was an invailed; and a Miss Melrose—a friend of the family—presided over the establishment, and sat at the head of the table.

Miss Melrose was very beautiful, and now the admiration of all who visited at Clifton House, by her grace of manner and her fascinating conversation.

"As we walk along." said my companion, "let me explain to you just what it is necessary you should know. My mistress is ill."

"I beg your pardon—is it Mrs. Spencer or Miss Melrose?"

She laughed bitterly.

Miss Melrose! I would stab her to the heart sooner than own *her* for a mistress. My mistress is a lady; noble, loyal, and of gentle birth. It is an honor to any one to serve *my* mistress."

"And she is ill? How long since?"

"Ever since she married him—curse him!" she muttered, in a fierce undertone; "but I must not get excited. I must tell my story, or rather hers. Two years ago, through the desire of her dying father, whom she loved passionately, Alicia Herndon became James Spencer's wife. Before that she was a healthy, blooming girl—immediately after this marriage she began to fail. Do you see anything singular in that?" she asked keenly.

"Not necessarily."

"Let me enlighten you further. Dr. Spencer at one time was engaged to Miss Lucille Melrose, but he broke the engagement and married my mistress instead. Miss Melrose was poor as Job's turkey; Miss Herndon was an heiress. And Dr. Spencer was deeply in debt and hard pressed by his creditors. Do you see anything singular in that?"

"Perhaps. Go on."

"When my mistress married Spencer she was only seventeen, and she had been taught to obey her father in everything. She was a gentle, affectionate child, and it would have been easy for Spencer to have won her love. But he did not care for that. It was her money he wanted. It paid his debts, it bought him fast horses, it set his table with costly dishes, and it put in his power to keep Miss Melrose robed like a queen. And all this time my mistress has been slowly but surely failing. And look you. Dr. Lockwood, I believe that she is not dying of disease, but of"—she lowered her voice to a whisper she spoke the word—"POISON!"

"Impossible! This is a grave charge——"

"Of poison given her by her husband, who at her death will have sole control of all her property, and be free to marry Miss Melrose! There is no time to explane to you in detail the thousand-and-one circumstanses which have led me to this belief, for we are almost at the door. It is never the case that both Spencer and Mis Melrose are out of the house at the same time, or I should have called another physician before; but to-night they are called away by the death of Miss Melrose's sister and will not be back until to-morrow. With the consent of my mistress I came for you, and oh, Dr. Lockwood, I pray you, save my dear mistress! I nursed her when her mother died and left her a helpless infant—all through her babyhood and her innocent youth she was like an own child to me: and now to see her fading hour by hour before my eyes! Good Heaven! If I knew beyond all doubt that *he* was guilty his life should pay the forfeit!"

I was already begining to feel a strong interest in this Mrs. Spencer, although I had never seen her, and like her old nurse I was inclined to feel keen animosity for Dr. Spencer

Mrs. Spencer received me in her chamber. It was on the second floor, and was furnished with exquisit elegance. Everything in the room bespoke the taste and delicacy of the occupant. The warm air was fragrant with the faint odor of hellotrope, and glancing around I saw the purple blossoms and green leaves in an alabaster case on the ledge of the south window.

She was a woman who, once seen, could never be forgotton. I have met in my life many beautiful women, but never one so lovely.

She was tall and slight, with a purely oval face, large, liquid brown eyes, and a dash of hectic in her cheeks, which is never seen in perfect health.

She received me as I now know she did everything, gracefully, and though there was a slight embarrassment in her manner when I spoke of her illness, she answered my professional inquires without hesitation.

As for myself, I laid aside all false delicacy, and questioned her plainly as to her symtoms. Mrs. Hurd, her nurse, remained in the room and added many little important items of information.

When she spoke of her husband it was with a sort of hopeless sadness which distressed me greatly.

Not a breath of suspicion against him in her answers to my questions, and I felt sure that at present she knew nothing of what Mrs. Hurd had such serious apprehensions. I was glad that it was so, for with her finely-strung organization it might have produced serious results.

I made my examination of the patient as close as I could, and drew my own conclusion. I could have sworn that Mrs. Spencer daily swallowed arsenic in small quantities, and the deadly drug was telling fearfully upon a constitution never very robust.

She said in answer to my questions, that she had had no physician except her husband. He had thought himself better acquainted with her case, and, therefore, better qualified to treat it. He never left medicine with her to take; he always brought it fresh from his office, and administered it personally.

There was little enough that I could do in such a case. Anxious to do everything, the very circumstances of the affair left me nearly powerless.

A charge of such a grave nature, of course, I could not make against Dr. Spencer without the amplest proof. If I hinted a suspicion every one would at once set it down to professional prejudice; and if I could not substantiate my statement, the doctor could make me pay dearly for such a slander uttered against him.

The only dependence seemed to be in Mrs. Hurd. To her I unbosomed myself freely, I told her, without reserve, that I believed Dr. Spencer was killing his wife by slow poison, and besought her to be constantly on the watch to save the victim, and to discover some proof by which we could fasten his guilt upon him.

She smiled grimly, and promised obedience. I gave her a powerful antidote for the poison I suspected, and went home strangely perturbed and anxious in mind. I did not sleep that night, and all the next day I was in a high fever of excitement. A ring at the bell made me tremble—a step on the gravel outside my office stopped my breath. I hardly knew what I expected to hear, and yet felt sure that before I slept I should hear something.

And now I must tell the story as it was told to me.

Dr. Spencer returned home the morning after my visit to Clifton House. He looked wretchedly, the old nurse said, and appeared unusually gloomy and depressed. Miss Melrose came with him, and was decorously sad over the death of her sister. They neither overdo nor underdo the thing as women with feelings are likely to do.

Dr. Spencer came at once to his wife's chamber. He thought she looked ill, and prescribed a cordial at once, saying he would go and fetch it.

"You are always ordering cordials for her." said Mrs. Hurd, musingly. "Why not take something yourself? You look like a ghost!"

He eyed her keenly, but replied composedly:

"I think I will take some of the cordial myself; for I do not feel quite well. Alicia, dear, shall I bring it here and drink your health?"

Mrs. Spencer smiled sadly in assent—she never disputed her husband—and he went out. Presently he returned with two glasses. Both contained liquid, colorless, and inodorous. Mrs. Hurd was watching him with her heart in her throat; for, as she told me, she felt that the decisive moment had come. There was something in the gray pallor on the doctor's rigid face that told her of a desperate purpose in the man's soul.

He lifted the glass on the right of the tray and gave it to his wife.

Drink it dear," he said; "it is panacea for all evils. I, also, am going to take a glass of it!" And he pointed to the glass still on the tray.

Mrs. Spencer accepted it, and was putting it to her lips when Mrs. Hurd interposed:

"If you will bring a tumbler of water, doctor; Mrs. Spencer complains that the cordial leaves a bad taste in her mouth. And my old bones are so full of rheumatism that it kills me to go down stairs."

The doctor turned, and bent on her a look as if he would read her through and through. But she kept her face impassive. If he had any suspicions, her manner quieted them, and putting down the glass he left the room.

Then Mrs. Hurd changed the position of the glasses.

When he came back, and he was absent only a moment, the nurse stood just where he had left her, and Mrs. Spencer was lying back in her chair with closed eyes.

Again he lifted the glass—this time it was the one he had designed for himself—and placed it at the lips of his wife. She drank the contents, swallowed a little of the water he had brought her, and thanked him in her sad, sweet way.

"Now for my own cordial," said he, with affected gayety. "I indulge myself in something a little stronger," and, as he tossed off the mixture.

"It made me stone cold to my fingers' ends to see him do it," said Mrs. Hurd, in relating the circumstance to me; "but Heaven is my witness I felt not a single twinge of conscience. I argued like this. If it was simple cordial, as he had said, it would do him no harm. If it was poison, his blood would be on his own head."

He went to bed a half hour afterward, complaining of fatigue. In the morning they found him dead!

I was called to the *post mortem* examination, and we discovered in the stomach of the deceased a sufficient quantity of one of the deadliest poisons known to modern science to kill a half dozen men.

My brother yhysicians agreed that the man was insane, and had probably taken the drug in one of his unsettled fits of mind. I did not dispute them, but, even before Mrs. Hurd told me her story. I had my own theory in regard to his death. There was no public exposure, however. Mrs. Hurd and I agreed that it would profit no one to make the wretched affair public, and we kept our own counsel.

Miss Melrose, in spite of my conviction that she had been an active party to the conspiracy against Mrs. Spencer's life, I could not help pitying. Such a miserable, worn, and haggard face as hers I have never seen, and when they buried Dr. Spencer, she was confined to her chamber with brain fever.

I attended her in this illness, but though she recovered her health, she was never herself again. She was a harmless maniac, whose delight was in gathering flowers and decorating the doctor's grave with them.

She is living still, and she still gathers flowers and lays them on that grave, singing to herself, meanwhile, a sort of incantation, which no one ever pretends to understand.

Not until Mrs. Spencer had been many years my wife, and faithful Mrs. Hurd slept under violets, did Alicia ever know the perfidy of her husband.

And when I told her, after the first shock was over she crept into my arms, and whispered:

"But if it had not been for James' crime, I should not have fuond *you*, Ernest. So good sometimes *does* come out of evil."

Jehial Slab's Remarks.

Nothing so potent as the weather to sour, mellow, or warp a man.

Don't expect your mill to bolt double-extra wheat flour if you never pour anything but coarse corn into its hopper.

A fat life can easily keep its integrity. It is only when the poor wretch can barely keep his head above water by hard swimming that the torture comes which betrays honesty.

Men are like trees. Standing in the forest, with their fellows around them to keep off the storms they grow with roots shallow and heads high up. Only out in the open field, exposed to every blast, do they branch low, root deep and grow strong.

If the way the money has been obtained could be written out over the donor's names in the walls of our churches, how many would blush to read some of the inscriptions.

You have just begun to climb the mountain, young Christian. For years the clouds will be above you—still come at times between you and the shining sun. There will even be days at a time when the shadows will give no sign. But be patient. Faith says the sun is still shining on the mountain-top.

If a man covets the luxury of counting his true friends let him be worth a half-million to-day and lose it all to-morrow. Any time outside of thirty-six hours thereafter will do the experiment to his satisfaction.

Never give unless you can give freely. It is hard enough to be poor without being additionally humbled—having to pick up a gift like a bone thrown to a dog.

Because you can forgive your enemies as the sun goes down, it is not always necessary that you should begin to trust them at early candle-light.

No matter how rich or high in position you are, get the respect and esteem of even the lowest beggar to whom you toss your penny. You may find such an investment paying you the very heaviest kind of compound interest yet before you die. And, after death, not much danger but that your name will need all it can get of that kind of dressing to keep the weeds from it after you go under the sod.

The statue of Governor Jonathan Trumbull, by Ives, which is to grace the National Capitol, as one of Connecticut's contributions, is of white marble, seven feet high, dressed in the costume of colonial times, with a cloak thrown over it in graceful folds. In the right hand is a manuscript scroll, with the inscription visible: "To the Continental Congress."

In a London police court, recently, a youth who was custody on the charge of stealing a tankard, while waiting for his case to be called on, picked the pocket of an ex-inspector of police, and stole his handkerchief. He got six months' imprisonment for stealing the tankard, and three months additional for pocket-picking.

The family silver of the deposed Duke of Nassau weighs, collectively, 70 hundred weight! In 1866 it was sent to Austria for safe keeping, and only very recently was it brought back to the present summer residence of the Duke Biebrich, under safeguard of an Austrian escort.

Queen Victoria has promised to lend eight pictures from the galleries of Windsor and Hampton Court, as well as a number of drawings from the Windsor library, to the Holbein exhibition at Dresden. Other loans of importance have been promised.

A Milwaukee German, in moving an old table, which he bought at auction, knocked off a leg, which proved to be hollow, and to contain $350 in gold. This led to the destruction of all the [illegible] Merchtare in Milwaukee auc-

J. P. Drom[illegible] Memphis[illegible]ear to [illegible]ate Agent, N. Y.
20-1 m

THE STAR.

J.B. CARPENTER. R. W. LOGAN

CARPENTER & LOGAN.

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1870.

The Union League of America.

So much has been said of this organization by the *Sentinel* and its Kuklux friends, that we deem it necessary to give to the public, as far as we may be able, the history, workings and objects of the League.

Early in 1861, certain small farmers and planters of East Tennessee borrowed from the slaves around them—already effectually, though rudely banded—the idea of a secret Association, for purposes of mutual protection. They called their organization a "Union League," and the immediate necessity of having connections north of Mason's and Dixon's line, forced them to extend their operations into Illinois and Ohio. Very soon something like headquarters were established at Cincinnatti and Chicago, more particularly at the latter place.

It was not long before the friends of the Republic perceived the real power of the League so spontaneously presented, and just around *dozen* of daring, brave, and we trust immortal spirits, assembled one night in the room of the Commissioner of the Land Office at Washington, and organized and spread to the breeze the "National Union League of America." A fund sufficient to extend the organization throughout every State then in the Union, was readily raised, and within the short space of one year a million of men were organized for the preservation of the Republic. How far the success which attended the armies of Union is due to the Union League is known only to the friends of the Union.

The *Sentinel*, under the management of the King of the Kuklux, has assailed the League with a vim worthy of a better cause. No enterprise, however worthy, can be successful without organization and system. The League is an organization which has for its object the supremacy of the law; the preservation of the Union with its institutions unsullied; and the elevation of loyal and true men to positions of trust, would have its readers believe that the League triumphs when the Constitution is trampled upon Such is not the case. When the war ended it became necesary for the Union men, both white and colored, to organize for the purpose of reconstructing the Southern States. The organization of the "Heroes of America" had been in existence in this State since 1862, having originated in Forsythe county. The League being a national organization, it was thought necessary that it should take the place of the "Heroes of Amerioa." Energetic men at once commenced to extend the organization, and very soon the *whole* Republican strength could be relied on through the League.

The Convention of 1868 and the adoption of the Constitution prevailed principally through the League. The League has been more effective North than South. The Republican party has been aided greatly by this peaceful, loyal, and energetic organization. We do not believe that reconstruction could have been effected without something of the kind.

We have said that this organization is peaceful, and that it contains *nothing* that any *friend* of the Republic would object to. Here is the proof:

The object of the League as stated in the Ritual, page seven, is as follows: "The objects of this organization are to preserve our liberties as a people; maintain the supremacy of the Law; the Constitution and Union of the Government of the United States of America against all enemies, whether domestic or foreign; secure permanently the ascendency of American Institutions and Interests to ourselves and posterity; protect and strengthen all in their rights of property and person; demand and sustain the education and elevation of the laborer, and make our organization the school for the prompt and efficient instruction of all men in the duties of American citizenship."

There is no whipping, drowning, murduring, or any violence taught by this organization. An oath to preserve the Union and Republican institutions, and not to destroy, is taken. No member has ever taken an oath to swear falsely to prevent justice from being carried out. No member of the League has ever been taught anything but Peace, Law, and Order. We defy proof to the contrary. There is not a drop of blood upon the garments of the members of the Union [illegible] America. Thou[illegible] citizens [illegible] Stu[illegible]

mony to what we have said. We would to God that we could say as much for the Kuklux Klan.

The Ku Klux newspapers throughout the State have filled their columns with charges that the League is a similar organization to that of the Kuklux Klan. This infamous and false charge was first heralded through the columns of Raleigh *Sentinel*, and it has been the daily and weekly theme of all the Kuklux editors ever since. It was for the purpose of pulling down the League to the level of the Kuklux Klan. The Kuklux have been exposed. The evidence before Judge Pearson, has emblazoned to the world, the object for which that organization was formed, and further, that the whippings, drownings, and murders that have been committed in this State for more than twelve months have been by this organization. No such proof as this, can be produced before a court of justice against the Union League. There is not a member of the League will swear that he was ever ordered by the League to do any act of violence, however small. All the teachings of the League are directly the reverse. All the evidence taken before Judge Pearson will be printed in pamphlet form, and every man furnished a copy.

The Election.

We take the following from the Augusta, Georgia, *Republican:*

"The result of the late election in North Carolina fell upon the country like a thunder-clap from a clear sky. At the close of the war and for a number of years afterwards the State abounded in whites who hated the Confederacy, who detested the Democratic party as the instigator of the quarrels that led to their misfortunes, and who gave themselves, heart and soul to the cause of Republicanism, believing that its success would redeem the State from her afflictions and pilot the way to sure prosperity. The Freedmen as a unit supported the good cause. Outnumbered and beaten our foes were completely demoralized. For all practical purposes the Democratic party in North Carolina appeared to be extinct.

Two years roll swiftly by and the situation is completely reversed. In that brief period majorities that ought to have lasted a quarter of a century dwindle into feeble minorities. When the smoke of battle lifts we find ourselves beaten from the mountain to the sea.

Why this sweeping revolution? Who is responsible to the country for this crushing defeat? The people of North Carolina are by birth and education Republican. No special effort was required to preserve there the ascendency of Republicanism. Great wrongs, then, must have paralized the organization, and for those wrongs the local leaders of the party are unfortunately responsible.

The *Republican* can be told in a few words the cause of the defeat in North Carolina: The extravagance and corruption of the Legislature; the appointment of rascals and thieves as Presidents of Railroad corporations; the prefering of democrats and Kuklux to Republicans; the nomination of bad, worthless men for office; and lastly incompetency of those placed in power to administer the affairs of the State. We may add, an utter disregard of advice from the best men in the party, and the affiliation of the "powers that be," with corrupt, designing scoundrels. MEN and not the party have been defeated. Republicanism is stronger in the State, to-day than ever before.

If any one thing has contributed to the defeat of the Republican party more than any other, it was the total disregard of these great fundamental principles.—We did not invite by a proper regard for other men, accessions to our party. We totally neglected the great teachings of the Apostle and met with shipwreck. A party which in two short years, notwithstanding all its error, did more for the poor men, widows, orphans and the unfortunate, than the legislation of one hundred years previous had done. We say it with sorrow and self reproach, was defeated because of its incapacity, and because of the rapacity of those who insisted upon leading it.— *Wilmington Post.*

The *Post* is on the right track. There is no road to future success except we have *new men* to lead. The "*incapacity* and *rapacity*" of our leaders, is the cause of our defeat. The *Post* must not [illegible]gary in well doing," but per[illegible] its present course, until [illegible]stacle in the way of a re-organization of the party, is removed. Do this, and go before the people with *new men*, such as the people have confidence in, and there is no doubt of success. The present leaders cannot lead us anywhere but to disgraceful defeat. We will not follow them any longer.

We publish in another column the letter of Hon. James L. Orr, of South-Carolina. Mr. Orr is a man whose reputation for true Conservatism and great learning, extends over the United States.

We ask the attention of every Republican to this letter. It applies to this State as well as it does to South-Carolina. If the advice of Mr. Orr can prevail throughout the Republican party in this State, the temporary defeat of *men*, can be remedied, and the party placed in power at the next election. Especially, should those persons in *high positions*, read this letter, and examine and see if the *first* portion of it does not apply to *them*.

Mr. Orr does not pretend to justify all the things which have been done by those now in power in the Republican organization in South Carolina. We do not justify *all* that has been done in this State; in other words there is a great deal that we condemn; and the Kuklux Democracy come in for their share of the condemnation. Mr. Orr's position is, that it is easier to secure reform through the Republican party than in opposition to it; that the triumph of the Republican party in any event is certain, and that the efforts of good men should therefore be directed toward the selection of the best candidates from among the Republicans. "Bad, designing men," are responsible for the present condition of the Republican party in this State. These men must be "driven from the places they *now* occupy." The party must dispense with their services. They must be placed on the *retired list*. The best men must be nominated for office, and there is no doubt of success.

Latest Foreigh War News.

NEW YORK. Sept. 10.—The *Herald's* special dispatch form London on yesterday says: *corps de armee* are marching on Paris. They will take assigned positions, ten leagues from Paris, on the 14th inst.

PARIS, Sept. 10.—Bauneville has resigned the Ambassadorship to Rome. The *Journal Officiel* publishes the letters of Italy and Switzerland, recognizing the Republic, and faver's response thereto.

FLORENCE, Sept, 10.—Riecotti has been appointed Minister of War. A great number of citizens of the Rapal States have petitioned Victor Emanuel to occupy Rome.

Ravaria is negotiationg for admission into the North German Confederation. Stragglers are still pillaging on the Belgian frontier.

The Prussians were at Soissons, on the Aisne, last night. It is said that the Prusians hold Chateau Thierny and Epernay. A force of 400,000 Vitry le Francais, 19 miles southeast of Chalons.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 10.—At the present pace, the armies of the Prince Royal and Bavaria should be in their designated positions around Paris on Wednesday. From these points they will slowly close in around the French fortifications. A Prussian force was at Compaigne this morning.

BERLIN, Sept, 10.—The following, from Prussian headquarters at Rheims, dated last night. was received to-day: "More than 25,000 prisoners were captured in front of Sedan before the capitulation. Eighty-three thousand capitulated with Sedan; of these 14,000 were wounded. Four hundred field pieces, including 70 mitrailleurs and 150 siege guns, were also captured, together with 10,000 horses and an immense amount of war material."

SUNDAY NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—Spain has officially recognized the Republic.

The Prussians continue to advance. Their discipline is good and they commit no depredations. The railroads are destroyed as the enemey approaches.

It is now stated that the Pussians themselves exploded the Laon fortifications.

Toul still holds out. The garrison makes effective sorties.

Bazaine is quiet and sends out expeditions daily to harrass the enemy.

The Pope will retire to Fort Audolpho upon the approach of the Italians,

PARIS, Sept. 12—The Ministry publish the following: The Pruasians attacked Toul on Saturdry at 5 o'clock in the morning and persisted till nine in the evening and were constantly repulsed.

Many of their batteries were dismounted and more than ten thousand Prussians were placed *hors du combat.*

Verdun holds out. Montmedy splendidly repulsed the Prussians on Thursday.

The Prussians surrounding Meaux are in force in Crecy, approaching Noisy le Grande.

(NOTE.—Meaux is 25 miles from Crecy, and about the same distance from Noisy le Grande, nine miles from Paris.

It is rumored that Russia insists upon an armistice.

It is stated again that the United States has sent three decided dispatches to Berlin, and it is said the Prussian advance is stopped in consequence.

The British journals urge English intervention as a duty and a right, the neglect of which would involve dishonor.

Advices yesterday state that the Emperor's treatment seems more that of an honored guest than a prisoner.

BERLIN, Sept. 12.— The Archbishop of Gnesn and Posen denies that the war on the part of Purssia anti catholic.

LONDON, Sept, 12. Florence advices state that the Italian troops enter Rome to day. Italy's ultimatum virtually strips the Pope of temporal power; but she will concur with any power in guaranteeing the independence of the Pontiff.

PARIS, Sept, 12.—The success at Toul and Montmedy, with the reported halt of the Prussian advance strengthens the bourse. There are considerable purchases or speculation.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—The Prussian army has hauled twenty-five miles from Paris at the special request of Bismarck to consider the Prussia-Austrin proposition for an armistice.

The departure of certain members of the French government from France for Tours is indefinitely postponed.

IMPORTANT FROM ENGLAND

LONDON, Sept, 12.— There were formidable demonstrations here to-day in favor of the French Republic and against Monarchy at home and abroad —one at Hyde Park and one St. Jame's Hall. The imbecility of the British Government was strongly denounced, charging the Queen, by name, with encouraging the King of Prussia in his march through France for the purpose of destroying the young Republic. A proposition to suppress the Queen's name was received with a tempest of hisses. A voice in the crowd cried, "Three groans for the Prince of Wales." The response was universal and passionate. The aspect of the crowd at one time was really appalling.

The better class of people assembled at St. Jame's Hall. Resolutions denouncing King William's inconsistency in his advance upon Paris, after his announcement that the war was not upon the French people. The speakers said the the English Government was hostile to France, not because it loves Germany, but because it hates Republicanism, and fears it. The Government of England has not recognized the Republic in France, but the day was at hand when the French Republic would be called on to recognize the Republics of England.

A bottle of Rhine wine, corked and sealed, and the glass globe of a lamp, still perfect, have been recovered from the wreck of the United States transport Housatonic, sunk in Charleston Harbor by a torpedo during the war.

There is an umbrella in Bangor which has been in the possession of one family for fifty years. It was a bridal gift.

Vote of North Carolina.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL.

August 4th, 1870.

	Republican. S. F. Phillips,	*Conservative.* W. M. Shipp.
Alamance,	1043	788
Alexander,	274	504
Alleghany,	15	377
Anson,	780	900
Ashe,	698	791
Beaufort,	1346	1505
Bertie,	1392	879
Bladen,	1223	1115
Brunswick,	719	720
Buncombe,	979	1434
Burke,	693	803
Cabarrus,	851	963
Caldwell,	251	637
Camden,	526	623
Carteret,	821	887
Caswell,	251	670
Catawba,	149	1043
Chatham,	997	1795
Cherokee,	304	522
Chowan,	692	403
Clay,	178	218
Cleveland,	314	1212
Columbus,	487	937
Craven,	2764	1500
Cumberland,	1671	1741
Currituck,	337	846
Davidson,	1150	1216
Davie,	683	762
Duplin,	952	1505
Edgecombe,	2878	776
Forsyth,	1014	953
Franklin,	1437	1378
Gaston,	596	958
Gates,	0000	0000
Granville,	2368	2008
Greene,	1006	794
Guilford,	1717	1793
Halifax,	3230	1347
Harnett,	529	782
Haywood,	401	723
Henderson,	555	403
Hertford,	278	297
Hyde,	629	754
Iredell,	404	1263
Jackson,	229	587
Johnston,	1212	1709
Jones,	559	519
Lenoir,	1224	911
Lincoln,	510	821
Macon,	246	530
Madison,	489	510
Martin,	1107	1116
McDowell,	551	599
Mecklenburg,	1936	2161
Mitchell,	441	280
Montgomery,	545	481
Moore,	800	1110
Nash,	788	980
New Hanover,	2914	2027
Northampton,	1800	9059
Onslow,	368	788
Orange,	991	1708
Pasquotank,	920	837
Perquimans,	795	656
Person,	765	1092
Pitt,	1754	1752
Polk,	371	178
Randolph,	1242	1280
Richmond,	1162	863
Robeson,	1623	1685
Rockingham,	1143	1592
Rowan,	973	1459
Rutherford,	1134	898
Sampson,	945	1397
Stanley,	452	598
Stokes,	560	986
Surry,	564	857
Tranrylvania,	149	367
Tyrrell,	329	429
Union,	634	788
Wake,	3504	3112
Warren,	2206	873
Washington,	798	561
Watauga,	268	500
Wayne,	1785	1763
Wilkes,	911	913
Wilson,	948	1191
Yancey,	245	596
Yadkin,	511	879
Total,	83427	87648

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Sinking Slowly.

Diseases that progress rapidly to a crisis are not the only ones to be dreaded. Canker or dry rot does not blast a tree as suddenly as a stroke of lightning, but unless arrested it destroys it as certainly; and in like manner chronic debility, although it does not kill with the swiftness of yellow fever, is as sure to sap the springs of life eventually as any acute disease, if not checked by invigorating medication. There is something inexpressibly touching in the spectacle of premature decay. Langtor, pallor, emaciation, depression of spirits, and a distaste for exertion, are its ordinary symptoms, and they should be promptly met by tonic treatment. The best invigorant and exhilarant that can be administered in a case of this kind is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The stimulating principle of the preparation rouses the dormant energies of the system, and the strengthening and regulating properties give a permanent and healthful impulse to the vital forces thus brought into play. The failing appetite is re-awaked, the prosess of digestion and assimilation are quickened, the quality of the blood is improved, the secretions become more natural, and every organ that contributes to the nourishment of the body undergoes salutary change. By these means repair of the physical structure is effected and its health and vigor restored. In no class of diseases has the beneficent operation of the Bitters been more marked and striking than in those characterized by general debility and nervous prostration. Ladies affected with these ailments find in this most wholesome of all tonics and correctives the safest and surest means of relief. It is strong to restore and powerless to injure. Such is the uniform testimony of "clouds of witnesses"

WELCOME.—We take much pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the advertisement of English Female Bitters, in another column.

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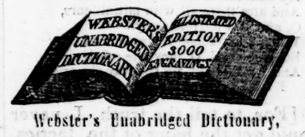

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RUTHERFORDTON N. C.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

LOCAL AND STATE.

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WE WANT MONEY.—We want money—and we do not only want it, but need and must have it.

We are drawing off our accounts for subscriptions due to the STAR and will place the same in the hands of Mr. ADOLPHUS MOONEY, our agent for the STAR, and we hope those interested will meet Mr. MOONEY, before or at our Superior Court and settle their accounts with him.

We desire to make the people of this County a first class newspaper and to do it, it takes money, so we hope our friends will respond to this call, pay up past indebtedness, and we would like to receive an advance payment from one and all on our books.

POLK COURT.--Next week Judge Logan will hold Court at Columbus.

AMES' CIRCUS.—The Asheville papers announce that Col. Ames Circus will exhibit at Asheville soon.

A FAT BOY.—Lincoln county boasts a boy who weighed 212 lbs. at 11 years old, now at the age of 19 years he weighs 265.

DISBANDED.—Gov. Holden has disbanded, and had paid off, the State troops, except two companies, one at Raleigh, and one at Company Shops, these will be retained for some time.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE.—This distinguished Judge is now lying dangerously ill, from a recent attack of paralysis, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Sprague, in Rhode Island. It is feared that he will not recover. His death would be a National loss.

W. H. BAILEY, ESQ.—In another column will be found a Card from this gentleman in reply to attacks made by the *Sentinel* on him. Mr. Baily is a gentleman in every sense of the word, and has heretofore acted with the Conservative party, but he can not swallow Ku Kluxism, and for this reason the Daddy of the Ku Klux has seen proper to assail him.

NEW GOODS.—Messrs. Lynch & Huffmaster are receiving from New York, a splendid stock of new and fashionable dry goods, clothing, &c., which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

They have had the store-room formerly occupied by J. A. Miller, neatly fitted up, and with their new goods make a good show. We ask for them a call from purchasers.

A. T. & O. RAILROAD.—The Statesville *American* learns that Mr. Johnson, President of said road, has purchased two Locomotives, and iron enough to lay seven miles of the road between Statesville and Charlotte, the balance of the iron will be purchased in England.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE FAIR.—We have received the premium list, it is large and liberal. The Fair will be held at Raleigh, commencing the 18th of October. Persons desiring copies of the list, can obtain the same on application to J. J. Litchford, Corresponding Secretary, Raleigh, N. C.

$300 REWARD.—Governor Holden offers a reward of Three hundred dollars, for the arrest and detention of Marcus Morrow and James A. Morrow, against whom indictments have been found for the murder of Jasper Vogle, of Cherokee county.

FOREIGN NEWS.—In another column will be found the latest news from France and Prussia, and also an important telegram from England, if it should be true that meetings are being held in England denounetng Monarchys, it may be that we may yet see Republics in Europe where we now see Kings and Empires.

THE DADDY OF THE KUKLUX.—We notice that the owner of box 111 Post Office, Raliegh, N. C., offers Photographs of Josier Turner, Jr, to the public at 25 cents each. While we do not wish to be considered in opposition to this enterprising individual, yet we will give below a very good likeness of the Daddy of the Ku Klux, as he appeared when arrested by Col. Kirk, free to our readers.

A CARD.

TO THE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

As much as I dislike to appear before the public in a newspaper article, I feel constrained for once, and once only, to do so, in order to announce to the people of North Carolina as a libel an article in the *Sentinel* newspaper of September first, headed "GOT HIS REWARD." in which the editor of the editor of the leading Democratic organ in this State insinuates too plainly for misunderstanding that I was bribed to co operate with the Republican party by the offer of office.

Among the readers of the *Sentinel* I feel quite sure will be found much of the virtue and intelligence of the State, and I feel confident that I will receive a ready affirmative responce from that portion of its readers to the axiom "that to state what one does not know to be true is equally as culpable and unjustifiable as to state what one knows to be false."

The statement or insinuation Re that I have been acting with the publican party for sake of gain of office is wholly untrue, and therefore could not have been within the knowledge of the editor of the *Sentinel*. The charge then, if *not false*, is certainly *not true* to his knowledge—*quacunque via data* it is of like morality.

Now what have I done to cause the liberty to be converted into the *license* of the press in this way? Is it done *pro bono pudlico?* or is it "set down in mallice?" It seems that it is now considered enough by some people to justify any manner or amount of libelous vituperation and abuse, that a man should revolt from the galling despotism of the Democratic-Conservative party. If he leaves it when the other party is *up*, he is abused! if when it is *down*, it is just the same. No character is respected. Does not this look like a set purpose of malice prepense, winked at, if not abetted by better men, to *hunt down any man* who severs his connection with the "modern" Democracy? Is this entitled even to the name of "wild justice?" Does it not look like the outward manifestation of a settled conspiracy to brow-beat and ruin, if possible, men for mere difference of opinion? Does it not look like the "aristocracy of kukluxism," —perhaps the "Invisible Empire?"

I hope the good people of the State will ask some one else about me before accepting the libel as a truth, for we shall have come to a sad pass in North Carolina when any statement is believed merely because Mr. Turner makes it!

To the chivalrous young men I may add that Mr. Turner has, in making this attack, violated all sense of delicacy. We have not spoken for over twelve years—are biter enemies, and I positively refused to appear, and did not appear, in his *habeas corpus* case at Salisbury, from a sense of delicacy.

No, fellow-citizens, I will not say, but I conjecture, that the decree has passed in the "Invisible Empire," that every man who, as a judicial or executive officer, or council, opposes the Kuklux, is to be slandered and denounced and socially ostracised. The cold shoulder is to be given, and a man's character is to be if possible taken from him by open libels and whispered slanders, but so far as I am concerned, nothing but the act of God shall deter me from exerting every power of mind and body I possess until the Kuklux shall pass away to be heard of no more forever, in the full confidence that I shall be set right when the ebb-tide of public opinion shall have set in.

As for Mr. Turner, I have said enough here to put him in the dilemma of seeking satisfaction or stoping his libels—and I say to him now,

"You bite a file—cease viper."

Respecfully,
W. H. BAILEY.

An Important Letter from the Hon. James L. Orr.

The Letter by the Hon. James L. Orr of South Carolina, ex-Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives, which has recently been so severely criticised in the columns of *The Charleston News* and some other Southern newspapers, is a strong, outspoken declaration from this old South Carolina politician, Slave-holder, and Rebler (who at the outbreak of the war occupied a position in the State second to none) in favor of the Republican party. The ex-Speaker says:

1. I shall vote for Scott and Ransier, Republican nominees for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor.

2. I cannot vote for the nominess of the Union Reform party, because, in my judgment, the porpose which they propose to accomplish is entirely impracticable, and the nominations made by their Convention will not only accomplish no good results, but the consequences of the nomination and canvass must be pernicious. The avowed purpose of the Convention was to effect reforms in the administration of the State Government. In some of its departments retrenchment and reform is, doubtless, greatly needed—some of its offices are filled by incompetent and corrupt men, who should be driven from the places they occupy. More economy in the appropriations and disbursements of public money should be practiced.

How are these objects to be attained? The only reforms in the State Government that can be successfully accomplished, at least for many years to come, must be by and through the Republican party and its organizations. They have control of all the departments of the State Government, and have a majority of more than 30,000 voters to preserve and perpetuate that control. So long as an opposition party, disavowing Republicanism, is organized in the State to defeat and displace them, so long will party machinery and appeals to party appliances preserve its unity an supremacy. If we want an illustration of the strenght and constancy of party organization in securing self-perpetuation, look to the State of Vermont tor 30 years prior to the war, when it annually rolled up its 25,000 or more majority for the Whig party, despite all the efforts of the Democracy, aided most of the time by Federal influence and pattronage. When you attempt to reform a party by destroying it—which is the present mode of reform adopted—the first law of nature, self-preservation, appeals to each member of that party to resist the new movement, and avert its destruction. Such an antagonism has another most baleful influence. The most active, and oftentimes the most unscrupulous partisans, exaggerate the importance of maintaining party usage and discipline, and the great mass of the honest portion of the party are thus diverted from a careful examination into the fitness of those seeking to represent them, and from abuses and corruptions existing in the party.

* * * *

Notwithstanding the fact that just cause of complaint may exist against the Republican party for sins of omission and commission, they have done much to ameliorate the condition of the white people of the State, ameliorations which the Legislature of the State, in 1865 and 1866, refused to grant. That party has secured a homestead to the head of every family. Thousands of women and children in the this State would have been houseless and homeless, naked and starved, but for the beneficent provisions of the homestead enactment. Every voter thus protected should remember, when he comes to cast his vote, who furnishes a shelter, in the sunshine and storm, over the head of his wife and children, despite the stale claims of heartless creditors. That this same party has protected all debtors in their Constitution from paying debts contracted for slave property.

That this same party has been equal to the humane progress of the age in abolishing imprisoment for debt. That this same party, whatever may have been its extravagance or improvidence, has raised the market value of the bonds of the State from 26 cents, in January, 1868, to about 90 cents at the present time.

If good and true men will consent to accept the Reconstruction acts of Congress, and the legislation, Federal and State, necessarily growing out of them; if they will accept the new conditions surrounding us; if they will affiliate with the Republican organization, especially in this State, we will profit largely by what they have done correctly, and much can be accomplished to correct abuse and malfeasance that may have grown up in the anomalous state of affairs surrounding us.

Believing no good result can flow from the Reform movement, I shall vote for the nominees of the Republican party. Very respectfully, JAMES L. ORR.

THE AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL.—The benificence of an all-wise providence, in so organizing man, as to secure him dominion over animals of inferior physical construction, imposes on him the obligation to exercise that eminent advantage in a spirit of mercy, and in mittigation of the pains and disorders of the brute creation. in order to be prepared to do this in a proper way, every Farmer and Stock Raiser should subscribe for the AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL, which is published by N. P. BOYER & Co., Parkesburg, Pa., at the low price of $1.00 a year, and as an extra inducement they offer to send the remaining three numbers of this year, *free* to all new subscribers for 1871. Send for a specimen copy.

A WOMAN KILLS HERSELF SHOUTING.—At Bethel church, in Catoosa county, a woman, under the influence of a religious excitement, commenced shouting, and so intense was her enthusiism that she did hot cease her gyrations till overcome by violent exertion, intense heat and foetid atmosphere of a close room. In this condition of utter prostration of mind and body, she was borne out of the house; but her vital energies could not be resuscitated, and she was soon a corpse. A young man, during the same meeting, was carried out, having been overcome by oppressive heat while shouting.—*Dalton Citizen.*

The "Watering-Place" was intended to involve the idea of bathing in either salt or medicinal waters, and of such coolness and healthful recreation as could not be found in the midst of the city. But a truer interpretation of the term would be a place where one's money is extorted from him. Air and water may be free, but the privilege of enjoying a bath in old ocean, or sojourning for a brief space during the heated term, at any of the habitable coast points, is a luxury fast passing from the man of even moderate means. Hotel fares are out of all proportion to the amount of accommodation furnished. If this were all, sufficient extenuation might perhaps be found in the fact that a years' legitimate business must be crowded into three months. But how does this warrant the setting of all sorts of man-traps to catch the unwary? How does it justify the imposition of a separate tariff on everything necessary to comfort, and which at the city hotels may be had without extra charge. "At every turn you are taxed," was tho expression of a man who had escaped from the imposition of the sea-side. The consequences must be disastrous to the watering places. Americans are easily gullible, but they soon get their eyes opened. Summer ours will, we opine, soon take the places of a July and August residence at fashionable wateringplrces.

Advocates of the American wine interest are jubilant over the war breaking out in Europe, in the belief that it will have a tendency to increase the cost of foreign wines, and to augment the consumption of the native manufacture.

It is said that it costs in the South three cents less to raise a pound of cotton now than it did before emancipation was proclaimed.

The government supports twenty eight life-saving stations along New Jersey's 140 miles of coast, each furnished with surf-boats, metalic life-cars, etc., by which hundreds of lives are annually saved from ship-wrecked vessels.

A Philadelphia dog recently proved a very efficient detective by scratching up a silver mug, and so bringing to light the hiding-place of $1,000 worth of silver ware stolen about a year ago.

Some of the Chinese in California make money by cutting up silver coin, coloring it yellow, and selling it with gold dust. The secret lies in the process of coloring the coin to escape detection.

The cause of the great mortality among the fish in Lake Ontario has been discovered to be a worm, which fastens itself near the gills, and draws the blood from the heart of the victim.

A gentleman at Chattanooga, Tenn., during the "heated term," took his afternoon naps in a wash tub suspended about midway down his well, in place of the regular bucket.

The original Declaration of Independence, now in the Patent Office at Washington, is nearly illegible from the fading of the ink.

A stranger in a Bellevill (Ill.) hotel became intoxicated, and deliberately took from his pocket a $5,000 note and tore it into pieces.

Fort Leavenworth was selected as a military site in 1827, just forty-three years ago, by Colonel Henry Leavenworth.

Canada this fall will hold a Provincial Fair for the exhibition of agriculture and the arts.

The bones of 1,200 Chinamen have just been sent home from San Francisco.

A red lead manufacturer of France has discoved that the use of milk at meals, which he has made obligatory on his workmen, exempts them from lead disease.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Revenue Notice.—This is to give notice that on or about the 3rd day of May, One Still and Fixtures was seized by A. J. Scoggin, Deputy Collector, of the 7th District U. S. Internal Revenue, said to be the property of Joseph Walker. The owner of said property is notified to come forward within 30 day's and make claim, or the same will be sold, as forfeited to the Government.

PINKNEY ROLLINS,
Col. 7th Dist. Int. Revenue.
Sept. 10th 1870. 30 4w.

Notice.—The Poor House, or the keeping of the poor for the year 1871, will be let to the lowest bidder at the Court House, in the town of Rutherfordton, on Monday the 3rd day of October next. By order of Commissioners. R. J. WILLIAMS, Ch'k. Ex-officio.
Sept. 6th 1870. 30-tf.

THE LEFFEL'S UNRIVALLED AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL, Mill Gearing, Shafting & Pulleys STEAM ENGINES & BOILERS. POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, Md. SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.
Sept. 1870. 39-tf

C. W. TOPPING & CO.
GENERAL
Produce Commission Merchants,
FOR THE SALE OF
BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, EGGS, TALLOW, BEESWAX, BEANS, PEAS, FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, WOOL, HOPS, PORK, BEEF, POULTRY, GAME, VENISON,
GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS,
Cotton, Tobacco, Whiskey,
and all kinds of Country Produce.
No. 342 Greenwich Street, New York.
Best of References given when required.
Aug. 1870. 28-6m.

Prompt. Honorable.
RELIABLE.
AGENTS WANTED in every city, town and village for the largest and most successful DOLLAR HOUSE in the country—ONLY ONE endorsed by the leading Papers and Express Company's of the United States. Our goods give universal satisfaction, our premiums to Agents CANNOT BE EXCELLED, and our checks are free. Having two houses—Boston and Chicago—our facilities are Unequaled, and our business exceeds in amount all other concerns in this trade combined.
Send for Circulars and Free Club to
S. C. THOMPSON & CO.,
126 Federal Street, Boston, or
28-1m. 158 State Street, Chicago.

NOTICE.
I WILL expose to public sale to the highest bidder, Monday, 26th September, 1870. (Court week.) The Notes and accounts due the estate of Benjamin Washburn, deceased. Also 16 shares Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad Stock. And 1 Rutherford County Bond. Terms of Sale Cash.
JOHN W. WILEY, Admr.,
of B. Washburn.
Aug. 26th, 1870. 28-4t.

Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera, etc.
Certain and immediate cure. HEGEMAN'S (formerly Velpeau's) DIARRHEA REMEDY, used with unfailing success since the Cholera of 1832. Sold by druggists generally. Prepared only by HEGEMAN & Co., New York.

INVENTORS ADDRESS EDSON BROS., Patent Agt's 459, Ninth street, Washington, D. C., for advice, terms and references.

Baltimore Female College.
This Institution, incorporated in 1849, and liberally endowed by the State of Maryland in 1860, affords Boarders and Day Pupils every advantage to acquire a thorough and accomplished education. It has a good Library, Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus, and valuable Cabinets of Minerals, Gems, Coins and Medals. Besides pupils from the different counties in Maryland, it has an extensive patronage from the Middle, Southern, and Western States. The 23d Annual Session opens September 6th.
FACULTY OF INSTRUCTION.
N. C. BROOKS, L. L. D., Prof. Anc'nt Lang.
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MR. LOUIS LAUER, Professor of German.
MR. J. VAN REUTH, Professor of Painting.
MADAME C. M. CHAFFEE, Prof. of French.
MISS C. M. GILMER, Mathematics and Hist.
MRS. M. E. LUCY, Belles-Letters and Phys.
MISS IMOGEN H. SIMMONS, Piano and Singing.
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For catalogues or any information, address
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NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING.
A Book of 125 closely printed pages, lately issued, contains a list of the best American Advertising Mediums, giving the names, circulation, and full particulars concerning the leading Daily and Weekly Political and Family Newspapers, together with all those having large circulations, published in the interest of Religion, Agriculture, Literature, &c., &c. Every Advertiser, and every person who contemplates becoming such, will find this book of great value. Mailed free to any address on receipt of fifteen cents. GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Publishers, No 40 Park Row, New York.
The Pittsburg (Pa.) *Leader*, in its issue of May 29, 1870, says: "The firm of G. P. ROWELL & CO., which issues this interesting and valuable book, is the largest and best Advertising Agency in the United States, and we can cheerfully recommend it to the attention of those who desire to advertise their business Scientifically and Systematically in such a way that is, so to secure the largest amount of publicity for the least expenditure of money."

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A sure relief for Asthma. Price 40 cents by mail. STOWELL & CO.,
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PSYCHOMAFCY, FASCINATION OR SOUL CHARMING.—400 pages; cloth. This wonderful book has full instructions to enable the reader to fascinate either sex, or any animal at will. Mesmerism, Spiritualism, and hundreds of other curious experiments. It can be obtained by sending address with 10 cents' postage, to T. W. EVANS & CO., No. 41, So. Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

NEW MEDICAL Pamphlet.—Seminal, Physical and Nervous Debility, its effects and cure.—Price 25 cents. Address SECURITY Museum of Anatomy, 678 Broadway, New York.

AVOID QUACKS.—A victim of early indiscretion, causing Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has a simple means of self-cure, which he will send to his fellow-sufferers. Address, J. H. TUTTLE, 78, Nassau street, New York.

POLK COURT.
THE Sheriff of Polk county is ordered to open Court on Monday, the 12th of Sept. next, and adjourn the same until Monday the 19th of said month. When the regular business of the Term will be taken up.
Suitors, witnesses, and all other persons having business to transact in Polk Superior Court, will attend at Columbus, on Monday, the 19th of September next.
G. W. LOGAN,
27.2w *Judge Superior Court 9th District.*

Landreth's Turnip Seed!
LANDRETH'S TURNIP Seed!!—A good supply of these Celebrated Seed, Just received at
KILGORE & CURETON'S
DRUG STORE, SPRING'S CORNER,
26-4w CHARLOTTE, N. C.

BLACKSMITHING.
Mr. Bradley Dalton would inform his old friends and customers, that he is going it alone, and will be glad to have them call at his shop on the branch, South of the Jail, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work, in his line, in a superior and workmanlike manner.
Country produce taken in exchange for work. 19-tf

DOTY'S
WASHING-MACHINE.
Lately much Improved—and the new
Universal Clothes Wringer.
Improved with Rowell's Patent Double Cog-Wheels, and the Patent Stop, are now unquestionably far superior to any apparatus for washing clothes ever invented, and will save their cost twice a year, by saving labor and clothes.
Southern people who have used them testify, as follows:
They save three-fourths of the labor and cost, and pay for themselves both in money and contentment. Let every young lady learn to use them and every married one keep them in her house.—*New Orleans Picayune.*
"An excellent Washing Machine. We have tried it. The Clothes Wringer is very superior. A good hand will wash a large number of pieces in a few hours."—*Raleigh (N. C.) Episcopal Methodist.*
"The Machine is no humbug, but a necessity in every family."—*Georgetown (S. C.) Kelleidoscope.*
"I have had one of Doty's Clothes Washers in use for a year, and am perfectly satisfied with it. My family have tried it faithfully and have never known it to fail to accomplish all that it professes to."—*Prof. J. F. Stevens, Concord Female College, Statesville.*

Prices—A Fair Offer.
If the Merchants in your place will not furnish, or send for the Machines, send us the retail price, Washer $15, Extra Wringer $10, and we will forward either or both machines, free of freight, to places where no one is selling; and so sure are we they will be liked, that we agree to refund the money if any one wishes to return the machines free of freight, after a month's trial, according to directions.
No husband, father or brother should *permit* the drudgery of washing with the hands, fifty-two days in the year, when it can be done better, more expeditiously, with less labor, and no injury to the garments, by a Doty Clothes Washer, and a Universal Wringer.
Sold by dealers generally, to whom liberal discounts are made.
R. C. BROWNING,
General Agent,
26-2m 32 *Cortlandt St., N. Y.*

MADAME DELACHAMPS
Alone in a Mountain Gorge
Snugly ensconsed amid the wilds of one of the Middle States, lived Madame Delachamps, many years ago, with no known protector, save a faithful dog that ever stood beside her to defend in time of need. Her small, moss-covered cabin, wrapped with wild-rose and honeysuckle, appeared hid away by a cluster of undergrowth, and closely environed on the north and east by a deep, craggy ravine that led away back to the mountain gorge.
Here, sniffling the ambient air, wafted from nature's green sward clinging to the mountain side, bathing her brow in early morn's gentel dewdrop, she lived solitary and alone for many long years. The catamount's unearthly midnight yell, and the wolf's doleful howl, frequently aroused her from pleasent midnight slumbers.
Now and then she would emerge from her unknown home and mingle with the inhabitants around about for one or two months at a time. She was eccentric in her acts and all viewed her as a living curiosity.
While from home, she apparently had but one object, and that was the relief of her afflicted sex. Under a belt on her side could be seen an oldfashioned drik of considerable size, carried for her own protection, while strapped across her shoulder was suspended a curious sack made from the
Skins of Rabbits and Raccoons
Arranged in alternate stripes. This bag contained some old parchment, curious relics, a few light garments, and a smaller sack containing a *course powder*, made from certain roots known only to herself, the secret of which she clung to as with the tenacity of death. She sallied forth from he wild mountain home, to act the Good Samaritan, with this unknown vegetable power which she claimed possessed a wonderful power over all Diseases incident to the female sex. She termed it "womb physic," with which she proposed to cure all affections and derangements of that organ, and kindred complaints *free of charge*. With such singular magic did she relieve all who applied, that within a few years her name and fame became known far and wide, and hundreds of suffering females applied for relief and returned to their homes healthy and happy. Many were anxious to know her great secret, and large sums of money were offered if she would divulge it—but she stubbornly refused.
During her solitary life, she became intimate with only one woman, a noted mid wife some miles distant, to whom she promised to
Divulge the Secret
Before dying. In a few years, as the sombre shades of night began to close around her tottering frame, she imparted this great secret to this friend.
* * * * * *
She too gained quite a reputation for relieving the suffering of her sex, and strange it may appear—she scarcely ever failed to cure those old chronic female complaints that had resisted all ordinary modes of treatment. Many years ago, the writer of this, while engaged in the Practice of Medicine, by a little strategy, succeeded in procuring the secret of this wonderful vegetable Regulator, which had never been known to the Medical Profession.
He gave it a fair impartial trial in the treatment of various forms and stages of female complaints with such decided satisfaction, that in 1860 he called public attention to its virtues in
"Gross' Medico Chirurgical Review."
Combined with other known vegetable Tonics, having great power over the uterine organs; with Black Root to act upon the Liver and Bowels, and Soluble Citrate of Iron to correct the blood, he has formed a wonderful combination for the cure of all Female Complaints, considering it the only Female Regulator known, and now offers this valuable compound to the afflicted female, under the name of
English Female Bitters.
The Medical Profession at large, have long felt the need of just such a medicine, consequently it is not strange that they so eagerly prescribe and recommend these Bitters to their female patients.
If you could see the pile of smilling approvals and encomiums from physicians and the public who have cured their wives, their daughters and their friends, by the use of these Bitters, no sickly female would hesitate to use them. This Female Regulator is adapted for old, young, married or single females who acute or chronic forms of Uterine derangements. They cure painful, suppressed, scanty, profuse or irregular Menstruation, chlorosis or Green Sickness, Albus or Whites, Hysterics, Falling of the Womb, Ulceration and Irritability of the Womb, pain in the side back or loins, sick Headache, palpitation or fluttering of the Heart, hurried Breathing, swimming of the Head, cold Feet and Hands, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Wakefulness, Barrenness, physical Prostration, ect., ect. Many of these are relieved by the use of only one bottle.
The Liver and Stomache
Are thoroughly aroused and restored to a healthy action, by the use of these Bitters. Its peculiar Iron and Vegetable combination, places it far ahead of any similar preparation before the public.
Females, after confinement and convalescents from any debilitating complaint, who remain weak and feeble, with little or no appetite, are at once aroused and strengthened by their use. As a *Family Tonic* for men, woman and children, it has no equal. One tablespoonful contains more medical properties, than one bottle of any of the common and pleasant "dilute alcohol" bitters, to be found all over the country. When the manufactures of the common beverages of the day say they cure all diseases, they well know they are "pulling the wool" over your eyes, and laugh at your stupidity in being so easily humbugged whenever the article smacks of whisky. If you really desire a valuable Iron and Vegetable Tonic for yourself and family, one bottle of K. F. B. will last longer and do more good than one dozen of the ordinary "grog shop" bitters, as one tablespoonful in water, is sufficient for a whole family. As
A Female Regulator,
It has no equal on this continent, acting powerfully and promptly in all cases, were no organic lesion exists. It is just the medicine for young girls, who have some difficulty in retaining the bloom on the cheeks, and who do not feel exactly right. For the mother at the "change of life" it soothes and quiets until the critical period is passed, as sweetly as if enjoying the brightest beams of opal ray, flitting through the air of oriental climes. The medicine is sold at the low price of $1,50 per Bottle, or six for $8,00, and can be had of all Druggists and Merchants throughout the country, Address
J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,
Memphis, Tenn.

Dromgoole & Co.'s
BUCHU.
The Best and Cheapest now before the public, for all affections and derangements of the Kidneys and Bladder, large Bottles only $1.00 or six for $5.00. Sold by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.
J. P. Dromgoole & Co., Prop's,
Memphis, Tenn.
30-4 m

Bread Upon the Waters.

"Please, sir, will you buy my chestnuts?"

"Chestnuts? No!" returned Ralph Moore, looking carelessly down on the upturned face whose large, brown eyes shadowed by tangled curls of flaxen hair, were appealing so pitifully to his own.

"What do I want with chestnuts?"

"But, please sir, buy 'em," pleaded the little one, reassured by the rough kindness of his tone. "Nobody seems to care for them, and—and—"

She fairly burst into tears, and Moore, who had been on the point of brushing carelessly past her, stopped instinctively. "Are you very much in want of the money?"

"Indeed, sir, we are," sobbed the child; mother sent me out, and—"

"No, little one, don't cry in such a heart-broken way," said Ralph, smoothing her hair down with careless gentleness.

"I don't want your chestnuts, but hear's a quarter for you, if that will do any good."

He did not stay to hear the delighted, incoherent thanks the child poured out through a rainbow of tears and smiles, but strode on his way, muttering between his teeth—

"That cut off my supply of cigars for the next twenty-four hours. I don't care, though; the browned-eyed object really did cry as if it hadn't a friend in the world. Hang it! I wish I was rich enough to help every poor creature out of the slough of despond."

While Ralph Moore was indulging in these very natural reflections, the darkeyed little damsel whom he had comforted, was dashing down the street with quick, elastic footsteps utterly regardless of the basket of unsold nuts; that still dangled under her arm. Down an obscure lane she darted, between tall, ruinous rows of houses, and up a narrow wooden stair-case, to a room where a pale, neat looking woman, with large brown eyes like her own, was sewing as if the breath of life depended upon every stitch, and two little ones were contendedly playing in the sunshine that temporarily supplied the place of fire.

"Mary! back already? Surely you have not sold your chestnuts so soon?"

"Oh, mother, mother, see," ejackulated the breathless child, "a gentleman gave me a whole quarter. Only think, mother, a whole quarter!"

If Ralph Moore could have only seen the rapture which his tiny silver gift diffused around it in the poor widow's poverty stricken home, he would have urged still less the temporary privation of cigars to which his generosity had subjected him.

* * * * *

Years came and went. The little chestnut girl passed as entirely out of Ralph Moore's memory as if pleading eyes had never touched the soft spot in his heart, but Mary Lee never had forgot the stranger who had given her the silver piece.

* * * * *

The crimson window curtains were closely drawn to shut out the storm and tempest of the bleak December night—the fire was glowing cheerily in the well-filled grate, and the dinner table in a glitter with cut glass, rare china and polished silver, was only waiting for the presence of Mr. Audley.

"What can it be that detains papa?" said Mrs. Audley, a fair, handsome matron of about thirty, as she glanced at the dial of a tiny, enameled watch. "Six o'clock and he does not make his appearance!"

"There's a man with him in the study, mamma—come on buisness," said Robert Audley, a pretty boy, eleven years old who was reading by the fire.

"I'll call him again," said Mrs. Audley, stepping to the door.

But as she opened it the brilliant gas light fell full on the face of an humble looking man in worn and threadbare garments, who was leaving the house, while her husband stood in the doorway of the study, apparently releived to be rid of his visitor.

"Charles," said Mrs. Audley, whose cheek had paled and flushed, "who is that man, and what does he want?"

"His name is Moore. I believe, and he came to see if I would bestow upon him that vacant messengership in the bank."

"And will you?"

"I dont know, I must think about it."

"Charles, give him the situation."

"Why, my love?"

"Because I ask it of you, as a favor, and you have said a thousand times you would never deny me anything."

"And I will keep my word, Mary," said the loving husband, with an affectionate kiss. "I'l, write the fellow a note this evening. I believe I've got his address about me somewhere."

An hour or two later, when Bobbie, Frank and Eugene were snugly tucked in bed in the spacious nursery above stairs, Mrs. Audley told her husband why she was interested in the fate of a man whom she had not seen for twenty years. "That's right, my little wife," replied her husband, folding her fondly to his breast, when the simple tale was concluded, "never forget one who has been kind to you in the days when you needed kindness most."

* * * * *

Ralph Moore was sitting in his poor lodging, beside his ailing wife's sick bed, when a liveried servant brought a note from the rich and prosperous bank director, Charles Audley.

"Good news, Bertha," he exclaimed as he read the brief words. "We shall not starve—Mr. Audley promises me the vacant situation."

"You have dropped something from the note, Ralph," said Mrs. Moore, pointing to a slip of paper on the floor.

Moore stooped to recover the estray. It was a fifty dollar bill neatly folded in a piece of paper, on which was written:

"In grateful remembrance of a silver quarter that a kind stranger bestowed on a little chestnut girl twenty years ago"

Ralph Moore had thrown his morsel of bread upon the waters, and after many days it had returned to him.

Doesticks' Letters.

DOESTICKS AS A DELECTIVE.

Ever since the regular detective and other police officers have failed to detect the murder of Mr. Nathan, I have been thinking that it is not impossible that I may myself find the murderer and so entitle myself to the forty-seven thousand dollars reward.

I saw that the regular officers, detectives and all, had brought before the jury and examined, every person who had ever seen the murdered man, or, who had ever put eyes on one of his sons, his grandsons, his uncles, cousins, grandfathers and grandmothers, or, for that matter, everybody who had ever seen his grandfather or grandmother, or any one of their numerous descendants. Well, I thought that if this was the style of doing detective business, that I might easily become as good a detective as anybody.

Hearing that a "dog" was the acknowledged instrument with which the murder had been committed, I at once invested two hundred and eighty-seven dollars in dogs of all breeds, from the ferocious bull terrier to the quiet retriever, and then went to the Superintendent of Police to ask what sort of a "dog" he wanted to find, thoroughly satisfied that I could accommodate him with any sort of an animal, of whatever breed he might select.

To my utter astonishment the superintendent informed me that the thing he called a "dog" was not an animal of the canine race, but an iron tool—so you see my time in collecting my canine menagerie was lost, to say nothing of all the money I had spent in collecting the "dogs."

When I found out that it was an iron tool called a "dog" with which the murder had been done, I at once made inquiries of all sorts of mechanics as to who use such a tool.

I at once got an appointment as special detective, and then I went for the "dogs."

I found that shipbuilders use "dogs," that carpenters use "dogs," that raftsmen employ "dogs;" and so I, by virtue of my new commission, resolved to arrest every man I could find who had used a "dog" within the month in which Nathan had been murdered.

Well, I went down on the docks and along the ship-yards, and as I arrested every one I came to, by four o'clock in the afternoon I had about three hundred and seventy men in custody.

I applied to the Captain of Police, who detailed his entire force to guard my prisoners till the next day—then I had them all marched before the justice, who, when he heard that I had arrested them on suspicion, quietly asked me if I thought it had taken nearly four hundred men to kill one poor old broker, and when I said I should decline to answer him on that point, he said he should dismiss all my prisoners, which he at once did.

And the same thing happened with all the folks I had caused to be arrested as having been in sight of the house on the night of the tragedy.

Of course I thought that they might know something about it, and so had them all arrested.

The judge said when I brought them up.

"Do you suppose that every person of the tens of thousands who passed that house on that day had something to do with that murder?"

I said I could not tell but that if I had my will I should arrest every one of them, and if they couldn't give a good account of themselves, I would put them into jail with fetters on their ankles.

However, the judge didn't see it, but discharged every person I had arrested, and in addition to that, he took at least three hundred and fifty complaints against me for false imprisonment, and each one of these plaintiffs tells me he is certain of either collecting a handsome sum of me or of sending me to the State Prison for many years. If these persons be correct, I couldn't pay my fines if I had the fortunes Wm. B. Astor and Vanderbilt, multiplied by those of other millionaires, and if I had to undergo all the years they would condemn me to serve I should have as many lives as a thousand Methusalehs or seventeen Wandering Jews, all rolled into one, and would then have little chance of ever coming to the end.

But you can easily see that I'm not going to stay in the country in the country to be prosecuted by all these people—I shall clear out, get away, abscond, vacate, vamous the ranche.

And yet I can't see why my my ways of going to work to find out the murderer was not quite as sensible as any plan the detectives have adopted yet. They haven't arrested anybody while I did arrest a lot of folks—now it stands to reason that in a crowd of five hundred people, there is much more likely to be a certain murderer than in a empty room.

However, if being a detective is going to lay me open to so many prosecutions, I've done with the business.

But if any fellow tired of life, who has made up his mind to commit suicide, will only confess that he killed Mr. Nathan I'll give him half the reward, and he can enjoy himself till he's hung.

Respectfully,
Q. K. PHILANDER DOESTICKS, P.B.

Pleasant Homes.

Parents, strive to make your homes pleasant and attractive! If you would have your children grow up pure, healthy, and beautiful, attempt not to destroy their love for beautiful things and healthy recreation. Do not labor with such cold, rigid, selfdenying economy to hoard up money to bestow upon them at your death; rather devote a portion of your surplus income to embelishments and beautifying your dwellings, and to furnish your boys and girls with the means of home enjoyment. Introduce into your family circle innocent amusements; and, above all, yourselves join and assist the young in their recreations and plans for social diversion. Teach them that most beautiful and soul-inspiring accomplishment, music; and allow them to mingle in the graceful and health-giving dance.

Many parents will crush with a frown every attempt at hilarity on the part of their children; they will banish all amusemnt and gaiety from the family circle, and cause a shade of gloom to settle over their homes. What is the course of the children of such parents? To escape from the oppressive atmosphere of home becomes the governing motive of all their actions. When away from the immediate care of their parents, they will secretly go to places which they have been forbidden to visit, and mingle with children with home they have been told not to associate; then they will immediately become more bold and hardened, and plunge deeper and deeper into the sea of forbidden pleasures, and resort to falsehood to shield themselves from detection.

Are not such parents, in a measure, responsible for the sins of their children? The young will have enjoyment; and if they cannot find it at home they will seek it elsewhere, in doubtful places and in doubtful company. They are full of vitality and gayety; they have a natural and ungovernable desire for amusement and social intercourse, and that desire must be gratified—legitimately, it may be, or illegitimately. Attempt to suppress it, and you will ruin your children; direct it in the proper channel, and you will cause them to grow up happy and contented into the best and noblest of men and women.

You who have children to train up, think of this! Devote a portion of your time and money to gratifying their love for social amusement. If you do not get rich very fast, what matters it? You will be compensated a hundredfold for the pecuniary loss by the joy and pleasure you will experience by seeing your children grow up noble and virtuous, honored and respected by those around them.

At Long Branch a new recipe has been discovered for making dark hair sandy. It is bathing in the surf just after a storm. One's hair is sure to be sandy when he or she comes out. "It is not a dye," (die) unless you go out too far.

Chang, the Chinese giant, who was in New York a little while ago, became the happy father of a young giant at San Francisco on the Fourth of July.

TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW YORK, August 15th, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my

Preparation of Compound

EXTRACT BUCHU.

The component parts are *BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.*

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopoea, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist, of 16 Years' Experience

From the Largest Manufacturing Chemists in World.

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists,
Ninth and Brown streets, Philadelphia.

HEMBOLD'S FLUID

EXTRACT BUCHU.

Is the great specific for Universal Lassitude, Prostration, &c.,

The constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT

BUCHU

invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID

EXTRACT OF BUCHU,

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequalled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU AND IMPROVED

ROSE WASH.

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

Fluid Extract Buchu

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address
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DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
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NONE ARE GENUINE

Unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

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IT IS MORE LIBERAL TO THE

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And will Eventually Become

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VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE

FANCY DRINK,

made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics" "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters, according to directions, and remain long unwell.

$100 will be given for an incurable case, providing the bones are not destroyed by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They invigorate the stomach, and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Copious Discharges of Urine, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms which are the offsprings of Dyspepsia, are cured by these Bitters.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.

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For Sale by
DR. J. M. CRATON.
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WANTED

At this office a Good Horse, in exchange for a Fine Carriage, Jersey Wagon, Buggy or one or two Horse Wagon.

Call soon and you can make a good trade.
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New Scale Pianos,

WITH IRON FRAME.

Overstrung Bass and Agraffe Bridge.

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THE BEST MANUFACTURED.

Warranted for Six Years.

Pianos, Melodeons and Organs—Prices greatly reduced for cash. New 7 Octave Pianos for $275 and upward. New Cabinet Organs for $45 and upward. Second hand instruments from $40 to $175. Monthly installments received. Illustrated catalogues mailed.

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Warerooms, 481 *Broadway.*

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The Waters' Pianos are known as among the very best.—[N. Y. Evangelist.

We can speak of the merits of the Waters Pianos from personal knowledge as being of the very best quality.—[Christian Intelligencer.

The Waters' Pianos are built of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material.—[Advocate and Journal.

Our friends will find at Mr. Waters, store the very best assortment of pianos and organs to be found in the United States.—[Graham's Magazine.

Horace Waters, 481 Broadway, is famed for the excellence of his Pianos and Organs.—[Evening Post.

The Waters' Piano ranks with the best manufactured in America.—[The Independent, N. Y.

MUSICAL DOINGS.—Since Mr. Waters gave up publishing sheet music, he has devoted all his capital and attention to the manufacture and sale of

Pianos and Melodeons.

He has just issued a catalogue of his new instruments, giving a new scale of prices, which shows a marked reduction from former rates, and his pianos have rencently been awarded the First premium at several Fairs. Many people of the present day, who are attracted, if not confused, with the flaming advertisements of rival piano houses, probably overlook a modest modest manufacturer like Mr. Waters; but we happen to know that his

Instruments

earned him a good reputation long before expositions and "honors" connected therewith were ever thought of; indeed we have one of Mr. Waters'

Piano Fortes

now in our residence (where it has stood for years,) of which any manufacturer in the world might well be proud. We have always been delighted with it as a

Sweet-toned

and powerful instrument, and there is no doubt of its durability: more than this, some of the best amateur players in the city, as well as several celebrated pianists, have performed on the said piano, and all pronounce it a superior and first class instrument.

Stronger indorsements we could not give.—[Home Journal. 1-1y

FAMILY GROCERY,

LYNCH & HUFFMASTER.
(BURTT'S HOTEL.)
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

HAVE OPENED THE LARGEST AND best selected Stock of Family Groceries and Confectioneries, that been in the County since the war.

Their stock consists in part of

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Syrups,
Rice,
Soda,
Ginger,
Pepper,
Spices,
Soaps,
Candles,
Buckets,
Seives,
Brooms,
Cotton and Wool Cards,
Powder,
Shot,
Lead,
Nails,
Fish,
Cheese,
Crackers,
Candies,
Raisins,
Nuts,
Preserves,
Jellies,
Oysters,
Sardines
Pickles

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery and Fancy Articles, Shovels Spades, Forks, Trace Chains.

we will sell as cheap as the same article of goods can be bought at Spartanburg.

All kinds of Country produce taken in exchange for goods.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewher.
Sept. '69. 31-1y.

Mills River High School,
HENDERSON COUNTY, N. C.

FALL SESSION BEGINS Aug. 22nd and ends Dec. 22nd, 1870.

Ancient and Modern Languages,	$15,00
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Meets regularly on the Monday evening before the full moon in each month, at their hall in Rutherfordton.

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"ALL NATURE HOPES FOR SPRING,"

1870.

Wittkowsky & Rintles.

THE RESULT OF AN ESTABLISHED and successful business, otgether with a steadily increasing CAPITAL, gives us, every seasson, better facilities to offer greater inducements to our numerous, customers, both WHOLESAEE and RETALE, and hence this notice is worthy the

Attention

Of all. We are now making extensive purchases, which, owing to the very large increase in our business—during 1869, (the tax returns will show $27,000.00 ahead of any house in the City, and figures are stubborn facts,) enables us to buy with impunity as to quantity, and from first hand—namely, Manufacturers, Importers and Commission Houses, thereby, saving from **10 to 25 per cent.** over smaller buyers—and it is this andvantage that gives us the lead in this market.

Our Stock

Will be completed, or nearly so, by the **10th of March,** and will embrace all classes of Goods necessary, either for WHOLESALE or RETAIL, to the inspection of which we invite not only those coming ot this Market to purchase, also, those en their way to otherplaces for that purpose.

We offer no **baits,** business will be conducted, in the future, as in the past, viz:

Honorable Competition
against Imposition

Dry Goods Department

Will be complete, and selected with the greates of care, as to style, quality and price.

Clothcing Department.

We make a speciality and invite the most fastidious to call and examine,

Boots and Shoes.

Will be bought mostly from manufacturers, in Boston and elsewhere, and we claim to be able to compete with all.

Hats.

Will be purchased at the BROOKLYN AUCTIONS and of NEWARK MANUFACTURERS.

Hardware.

Especially Table and Pocket Cutlery, we buy for Gold, from the Importers.

Groceries--there comes the rub.

That line of Goods we buy quantities second to no House in this City, (their assertion to the contrary, notwithstanding) and at as low figures as a dollar, consisting of **100** cents, can buy. In short, come and look at our stock, ascertain our prices, and judge for yourselves.

Millinery Department.

Is complete as usual, and is presided over by Miss BETSY WILLIAMS, who is widely known for her superior taste in that line.

Respectfully,
Wittkowsky & Rintles.
Charlotte, N. C.
No. 6 tf.
Vindicator please copy.

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E. M. HOLT & CO.

offer the manufactures of their several mills at the Factory Prices, delivered in Charlotte,

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SHEETINGS,
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TICKS,
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ALAMANCE PLAIDS.

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WE RUN TWO LARGE

FLOURING MILLS

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1500 BUSHELS

OF

WHEAT PER DAY,

which we intend to buy in the Charlotte market. Don't sell your wheat before seeing us.

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2300

SACKS LIVERPOOL SALT.

75 SACKS

BLOWN SALT, FINE IN FOUR

BUSHEL BAGS.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON

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The Largest Stock in the State.

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